

# TRS-80® MODEL III BASIC

## Statements

**AUTO start, increment** Numbers lines automatically.  
 AUTO AUTO 150+20 AUTO +5

**CLEARn** Reserves n bytes of string storage space; initializes all variables.  
 CLEAR CLEAR 75 CLEAR #

**CLOAD** Loads BASIC program file from cassette. Only the first character of the file name is used.  
 CLOAD CLOAD "MIXIT"

**CLOAD?** Compares program on tape byte-for-byte with resident program.  
 CLOAD? CLOAD? "MIXIT"

**CLS** Clears the display.  
 CLS

**CONT** Continues execution of program after **BREAK** or  
 STOP.  
 CONT

**CSAVE** Stores resident program on cassette tape. A file name is required. Only the first character of the file name is used.  
 CSAVE "MIXIT"

**DATA** Stores data to be accessed by a READ statement.  
 DATA "LINCOLN: A.", 1861, "ILLINOIS"

**DEFDBL** Defines variables as double-precision.  
 DEFDBL U, X-Z

**DEFINT** Defines variables as integer type.  
 DEFINT A, 1-N

**DEFSNG** Defines variables as single-precision.  
 DEFSNG I, W-Z

**DEFSTR** Defines variables as string type.  
 DEFSTR C, L-Z

**DELETE** Erases program lines from memory.  
 DELETE 1205 DELETE -80 DELETE

**DIM** Dimensions one or more arrays.  
 DIM R(75), W(40) DIM AR\$(B+, 25)  
 DIM L%(3, 18, 5)

**EDIT** Puts computer into edit mode for specified line.  
 See **Edit Commands**.  
 EDIT 100 EDIT,

**END** Ends program execution.  
 END

**ERROR(n)** Simulates the specified error. n = 1-23.  
 ERROR(1)

**FOR...TO...STEP/NEXT** Opens program loop.  
 FOR I = 1 TO B (...) NEXT I  
 FOR C=0 TO 5 STEP +2 (...) NEXT C

**GOSUB** Transfers program control to the specified subroutine.  
 GOSUB 750

**GOTO** Transfers program control to the specified line.  
 GOTO 180

**IF...THEN...ELSE** Tests conditional expression.  
 IF P = Q THEN 200  
 IF NZ < 0 THEN 150 ELSE NZ = NZ-1

**INPUT** Inputs data from keyboard.  
 INPUT X# INPUT L, M, N  
 INPUT "NEXT" IN

**INPUT #-I** Inputs data from cassette.  
 INPUT #-1, A

**LET** Assigns value to variable (optional).  
 LET X = 7.95 LET R2 = R1  
 LET C\$ = "RED"

**LIST** Lists program lines to the video display.  
 LIST LIST 50-85

**LLIST** Lists program lines to the line printer.  
 LLIST LLIST 50-

**LPRINT** Prints an item or list of items on the printer.  
 LPRINT CAP\$1 "IS THE CAPITAL OF" I BT\$

**LPRINT TAB** Moves printer carriage to specified position.  
 LPRINT TAB(25) "NAME"

**LPRINT USING** Prints formatted numbers and strings on the printer. See PRINT USING for list of field specifiers.  
 LPRINT USING "\*\*\*\*,##" I 1234

**NEW** Erases program from memory; initializes all variables.  
 NEW

**ON ERROR GOTO** Sets up an error-handling routine.  
 ON ERROR GOTO 2100

**ON ERROR GOTO 0** Disables an error-handling routine.  
 ON ERROR GOTO #

**ON...GOSUB** Multi-way branch to specified subroutines.  
 ON Y GOSUB 50+100+150+200

**ON...GOTO** Multi-way branch to specified lines.  
 ON K GOTO 180+200+210

**OUTp, v** Sends value to specified port p and v = 0-255.  
 OUT 255, 0

**POKE n, v** Puts value v (0-255) into location n (15360 to end of memory). See **POKE Addresses**.  
 POKE 15872, 255

**PRINT** Prints an item or list of items on the display at current cursor position.  
 PRINT XI + YI PRINT"U.S.A."

**PRINT #n** Prints beginning at n, n = 0-1023.  
 PRINT # 477, "CENTER"

**PRINT#-I** Writes data to cassette.  
 PRINT #-1, A

**PRINT TAB** Moves cursor right to specified tab position.  
 PRINT TAB(28) "NAME"

**PRINT USING** Formats strings and numbers.  
 # Formats numbers.  
 PRINT USING "\*\*\*\*\*" I 66.2

- Decimal point.  
 PRINT USING "##,##" 158.76

. Displays comma to left of every third digit.  
 PRINT USING "\*\*\*\*,##" 1234

\*\* Fills leading spaces with asterisks.  
 PRINT USING "\*\*\*\*\*" I 44,2

**SS** Floating dollar sign.  
 PRINT USING "\$###,##" I 118.6735

\*\*\$ Floating dollar sign; fills leading spaces with asterisks.  
 PRINT USING "\*\*\*\*,##" I 8,233

| Exponential format. Press **(** to generate this character.  
 PRINT USING "###,\* EEE" I 8527100

+ In first position, causes sign to be printed; in last position, causes sign to be printed after the number.  
 PRINT USING "\*\*\*\*" I -216

- Minus sign after negative numbers, space after positive.  
 PRINT USING "###,-" I -8124.420

f Returns first string character.  
 PRINT USING "!" I "YELLOW"

**spaces%** String field; length of field is number of spaces plus 2.

PRINT USING "% %%" "BLUE"

## Video Control Codes

**RANDOM** Reseeds random number generator.  
 RANDOM

**READ** Reads value(s) from a DATA statement.  
 READ T READ S\$ READ NM\$, ACE

**REM** Remark; instructs computer to ignore rest of line. is an abbreviation for REM.  
 REM PLACE COMMENTS HERE ' HERE TOO

**RESET (x, y)** Turns off graphics block at specified location. x (horizontal) = 0-127; y (vertical) = 0-47.  
 RESET (21, 40) RESET (L1, L2)

**RESTORE** Resets data pointer to first item in first data line.  
 RESTORE

**RESUME** Ends an error-handling routine by specifying where normal execution is to resume.  
 RESUME RESUME 4# RESUME NEXT

**RETURN** Returns from subroutine to next statement after GOSUB.  
 RETURN

**RUN** Executes resident program or portion of it.  
 RUN RUN 150

**SET (x, y)** Turns on graphics block at specified location. x (horizontal) = 0-127; y (vertical) = 0-47.  
 SET (10, 0) SET (L1, L2)

**STOP** Stops execution of a program.  
 STOP

**SYSTEM** Puts computer in monitor mode, allows loading of object files. In response to "?", type filename or address.  
 SYSTEM

**TROFF** Turns off the trace.  
 TROFF

**TRON** Turns on the trace.  
 TRON

## Special Characters

' Abbreviation for REM

% Makes variable integer-precision.

1 Makes variable single-precision.

# Makes variable double-precision.

\$ Makes variable string type.

:

? Same as PRINT (but L? can't be substituted for LPRINT).

\* PRINT punctuation: spaces over.

; PRINT punctuation: separates items in a.

: PRINT punctuation: separates items in a.

PRINT list but does not add spaces when they are output.

**Dec**

**Hex**

**PRINT CHR\$(code)**

8 0B Backspaces and erases current character.

10 0A Line feed with carriage return.

13 0D Line feed with carriage return.

14 0E Turns on cursor.

15 0F Turns off cursor.

21 15 Switches special/compression characters.

22 16 Switches alternate characters.

23 17 Shifts to 32-character mode.

24 18 Backspaces cursor without erasing.

25 19 Advances cursor.

26 1A Downward line feed.

27 1B Upward line feed.

28 1C Homes cursor.

29 1D Moves cursor to beginning of line.

30 1E Erases to end of line.

31 1F Clears to end of screen.

**A** Cancels changes and starts again.

**B** Changes n characters.

**C** Deletes n characters.

**E** Ends editing and saves all changes.

**H** Hacks line and inserts at end.

**I** Inserts characters.

**K** Kills all characters up to nth occurrence of c.

**L** Lists the line.

**Q** Quits edit mode and cancels all changes.

**S** Searches for nth occurrence of c.

**T** Extends line (inserts at end).

**X** Causes escape from Insert subcommand.

**ENTER** Records all changes and exits edit mode.

**SPACEBAR** Moves cursor n spaces to the right.

**ESC** Moves cursor n spaces to the left.

## Edit Commands

**Operators**

Each operator or group of operators is precedent over the group below it.

! or [

Exponentiation (returns single-precision). Press **(** to generate this operator.

it will be displayed as a left bracket "!"

+, +

Unary negative, positive.

\*, /

Multiplication, division.

+, -

Addition and concatenation, subtraction.

<, >, =, <=, >=, <>

Relational tests.

**NOT**

**AND**

**OR**

**Control Keys**

**ESC**

Cancels last character typed; moves cursor back one space.

**SHIFT ESC**

Erases current line.

**BREAK**

Interrupts anything in progress and returns to command level.

**CLEAR**

Clears the screen.

**ENTER**

Signifies end of current line.

**SPACEBAR**

Enters a space (blank) character and moves cursor one space forward.

**SHIFT TAB**

Advances cursor to next tab position.

**LINE FEED**

Puts display in 32-character mode.

<b

## Functions

Argument ranges are indicated below by special letter ~~s~~:

**X**:  $(-1 \times 10^E 38, -1 \times 10^E -38), (1 \times 10^E -38, 1 \times 10^E 38)$

**C**: (0.255)

**N**: (-32768, 32767)

**STR**: string argument

**VAR**: variable name

**ABS(x)** Computes absolute value.  
Y = ABS(X)

**ASC(str)** Returns ASCII code of first character ~~in~~ string.  
A = ASC(STR\$)

**ATN(x)** Computes arctangent; value returned in radians.  
Y = ATN(X/3)

**CDBL(x)** Converts to double-precision.  
X = CDBL(N\*3)

**CHR\$(c)** Returns character for ASCII, control, or graphics code.  
P\$ = CHR\$(1)

**CINT(n)** Returns largest integer not greater than n.  
PRINT CINT(15.075)

**COS(x)** Computes cosine; angle must be in radians.  
Y = COS(X)

**CSNG(x)** Converts to single-precision.  
FC = CSNG(TM\*)

**ERL** Returns the line number in which an error has occurred.  
PRINT ERL

**ERR** If an error occurs, returns a value related to the error code; value returned = (error code - 1)\*2.  
IF ERR = 12 THEN 850 ELSE 800

**EXP(x)** Computes natural antilog.  
Y = EXP(X)

**FIX(x)** Truncates all digits to right of decimal point.  
Y = FIX(X)

**FRE(numeric)** Finds amount of free memory.  
F = FRE(X) PRINT FRE(10)

**FRE(str)** Returns amount of unused string space it is any string constant or string variable.  
FRE("C") FRE(C\$)

**INKEY\$** Gets keyboard character if available.  
AS = INKEY\$

**INP(p)** Gets value from specified port. p = 0-255.  
V = INP(255)

**INT(x)** Returns largest whole number not greater than x.  
Y = INT(X)

**LEFT\$(str, c)** Returns left portion of string.  
P\$ = LEFT\$(MS\$, 7)

**LEN(str)** Returns the number of characters in a string.  
K = LEN(SEN\$)

**LOG(x)** Computes natural logarithm.  
Y = LOG(X)

**MEM** Finds amount of free memory.  
PRINT MEM

**MID\$(string, pos, len)** Returns a substring of another string. If length option is omitted, the entire string right of pos is returned.  
PRINT MID\$(A\$, 3, 2) F\$ = MID\$(A\$, 3)

**PEEK(n)** Gets value in location n (n = 0 to end of memory).  
V = PEEK(18528)

**POINT(x, y)** Tests whether specified graphics block is on or off. x (horizontal) = 0-127; y (vertical) = 0-47.  
IF POINT(13,35) THEN PRINT "ON" ELSE PRINT "OFF"

**POS(x)** Returns column position of cursor (0-63); x is a dummy argument.  
PRINT TAB(40) POS(0)

**RIGHT\$(str, c)** Returns right portion of string.  
ZIPS = RIGHT\$(AD\$, 5)

**RND(n)** Generates a "random" number between 1 and n if n > 1, or between 0 and 1 if n = 0.  
Y = RND(100) PRINT RND(0)  
R = RND(X)

**SGN(x)** Returns sign component: -1, 0, 1, if x is negative, zero, positive.  
X = SGN(A\*B)

**SIN(x)** Computes sine; angle must be in radians.  
Y = SIN(X)

**SQR(x)** Computes square root.  
Y = SQR(A + B)

**STR\$(x)** Converts a numeric expression to a string.  
S\$ = STR\$(X)

**STRINGS(l, c)** Returns string of characters of length l. Character c can be specified as an ASCII code or as a string.  
BS = STRINGS(125, "?")  
BS = STRINGS(125, BS)

**TAN(x)** Computes tangent; angle must be in radians.  
Y = TAN(X)

**TIMES** Returns the time (in 24-hour format) and the date as a 17-character string.  
AS = TIME\$

**USR(x)** Calls a machine-language subroutine whose address is stored at 16526-16527.  
PRINT USR(-1) K = USR(1)

**VAL(str)** Evaluates a string as a number.  
VZ = VAL("123 DOLLARS")

**VARPTR(var)** Gets address where variable contents are stored.  
Y = USR(VARPTR(X))

## POKE Addresses

By POKEing various values into the addresses listed below, you can activate or control many of the Model III's special features. See the Owner's Manual for details.

### Sample Use

To select the High cassette rate, execute:  
POKE 16913, 1

Address	Initial		
Dec	Hex	Contents	Contents
16409	4019	Caps Lock Switch 0 = "Upper and Lower Case" Not 0 = "Caps Only"	"Caps"
16412	401C	Cursor Blink Switch 0 = "Blink" Non-Zero = "No-Blink"	0
16416	4020	Cursor Address Two bytes: LSB, MSB	N/A
16419	4023	Cursor Character ASCII Code 0 - 255	176
16424	4028	Maximum Lines/Page plus one	67
16425	4029	Number of lines printed plus one	1
16427	402B	Line Printer Max. Line length less two 255 = "No Maximum"	255
16526	408E	Address of USR Routine Two Bytes: LSB, MSB	7754
16872	41E8	\$RSRCV Input Buffer One byte	0
16880	41F0	\$SRSTX Output Buffer One byte	0

## Z-80 ROM Subroutines

The following ROM subroutines may be used by Z-80 programs; some may also be used by BASIC programs via the USA function. Before trying to use any of these, read the Technical Information Section of your Owner's Manual.

### Address:

Dec Hex Contents Function

0 0000 \$RESET System reset

43 002B \$KBCHAR Check for keyboard character

51 0033 \$VDCHAR Display a character

59 003B \$PRCHAR Print a character

64 0040 \$KBLINE Wait for a keyboard line

73 0049 \$KBWAIT Wait for a keyboard character

80 0050 \$RSRCV Receive character from RS-232-C

85 0055 \$RSTX Transmit character to RS-232-C

90 005A \$RSINIT Initialize RS-232-C

96 0060 \$DELAY Delay for a specified time

105 0069 \$INITIO Initialize all I/O drivers

457 01C9 \$VDCLS Clear the screen

473 01D9 \$PRSCN Print screen contents

539 021B \$VDLINE Display a line

565 0235 \$CSIN Input a cassette byte

612 0264 \$CSOUT Output a cassette byte

647 0287 \$CSHWR Write the cassette header

653 026D \$KBRK Check for BREAK key only

662 0296 \$CSHIN Read the cassette header

664 0298 \$CLKON Turn on the clock display

673 02A1 \$CLKOFF Turn off the clock display

6681 1A19 \$READY Jump to BASIC "READY"

12339 3033 \$DATE Get the date

12342 3036 \$TIME Get the time

12354 3042 \$SETCAS Set cassette baud rate

14312 37E8 \$PRSTAT Printer status

(Read Only)

"Go" only if:

Bit 7 = 0 "NOT BUSY"

Bit 6 = 0 "NOT OUT OF PAPER"

Bit 5 = 1 "DEVICE SELECT"

Bit 4 = 1 "NOT PRINTER FAULT"

Bits 3,2,1 and 0 are not used.

## TRS-80® MODEL III MICRO-COMPUTER SYSTEM



## Start-Up

The entire system (Computer and peripherals) should be OFF.

1. Turn all peripherals ON.
2. Turn the Computer ON.
3. The message:  
Cass? should be displayed. To select the High cassette speed (1500 baud), press (H) or (ENTER). To select the Low cassette speed (500 baud), press (L).
4. The message:  
Memory Size? will be displayed. To use all available memory, press (ENTER). To reserve some high memory, type in the highest address (in decimal) that you want to use, then press (ENTER).
5. The start-up message, followed by the READY prompt, will be displayed. The computer is now ready to use.

# TRS-80® MODEL III BASIC

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# TRSOS Commands and Utilities

**APPEND** Adds one disk file onto the end of another.  
APPEND FTH/TXT NORTX/TXT

**ATTRIB** Changes protection of specified file. (I or V, ACC, UPD, PROT)  
ATTRIB OLD/DAT (I+ACC+JUL14,UPD+HOUSE+PROT=READ)

**AUTO command** Automatically executes the specified TRSDOS command each time TRSDOS starts up. (AUTO by itself erases the automatic command.)  
AUTO CLOCK AUTO BASIC AUTO

**BACKUP** Duplicates a system or data diskette.  
BACKUP BACKUP :# +1

**BUILD** Creates an automatic command input file.  
BUILD JOBSFILE

**BASIC** Loads Disk BASIC interpreter. BASIC \* allows recovery of the program that was in memory before the return to TRSDOS.  
BASIC BASIC \*

**CLEAR** Clears user memory and set top memory address.  
CLEAR (START=9000,END=9A00,MEH=7000)  
CLEAR

**CLOCK** Turns real-time clock display on/off.  
CLOCK (ON) CLOCK CLOCK (OFF)

**CLS** Clears the screen.  
CLS

**CONVERT** Model I to Model III program/data file conversion.  
CONVERT

**COPY oldfile newfile** Copies a file.  
COPY FILE 1/BAS UPDFL/BAS  
COPY FILE/A FILE/A:# COPY FILEA/BAS:# +1

**CREATE filename(LRL=a, REC=b)** Creates a preallocated file.  
CREATE JOBSFILE (LRL=256, REC=56)

**DATE newdate** Sets or displays the current date.  
DATE #7/18/88 DATE

**DEBUG** Starts debug monitor.  
DEBUG (turns monitor ON) @ (turns monitor OFF)

**DIR :d(INV, SYS, PRT)** Lists the diskette directory (INVisible or SYStem) on drive d on the Display or Printer (PRT).  
DIR :# (INV) DIR :# (PRT)

**DO command-line** Begin auto command input from disk file.  
DO BEGIN

**DUAL (switch)** Duplicates output to video and printer.  
DUAL (ON) DUAL DUAL (OFF)

**DUMP file** Dumps content of RAM into a machine-language program disk file. (START=aaaa,END=bbbb,TRA =cccc,RELO =dddd)  
DUMP DATA/CIR11 (START=9000,END=B050)

**ERROR number** Displays an error message.  
ERROR 4?

**FORMS (WIDTH=a, LINES=b)** Set printer parameters.  
FORMS (WIDTH=82, LENGTH=58)

**FORMAT** Initializes a diskette into tracks and sectors.  
FORMAT :# FORMAT

**FREE** Lists a diskette's allocation map to the Display or Printer (PRT).  
FREE :# FREE :# (PRT)

**HELP command** Explanation of TRSDOS command.  
HELP BACKUP

**KILL file:EXT:d** Deletes a file from directory; frees space allocated to that file.  
KILL FL/BAS:# KILL /CMD:#

**LIB** Lists library commands.  
LIB

**LIST file (PRT, SLOW, ASCII)** Lists contents of a file to the Display or Printer.  
LIST PROG1/TXT (PRT) LIST JOBF1FILE/BLD (ASCII)

**LOAD file** Loads a machine-language file into memory.  
LOAD GRAPHICS

**LPC** Special printer driver for some printers.  
LPC

**MASTER (DRIVE=a)** Forces a drive to be the Master Read/Write drive. MASTER releases any drive defined as Master Drive.  
MASTER (DRIVE:#) MASTER

**MEMTEST** Test memory (ROM and RAM).  
MEMTEST

**PATCH file (ADD = aaaa, FIND = bbb, CHG = ccc)**

Change the contents of a disk file.  
PATCH JOBF1FILE/BLD (ADD=5288,FIND=CDIC25,  
CHG=C32C27)

**PAUSE message** Pauses for operator action or message.  
PAUSE INSERT DISKETTE #21

**PROT :d (PW, LOCK)** Changes file and diskette passwords.  
PROT :# (PW, LOCK)

**PURGE :d (file-type)** Deletes files. (SYS, DATA, ALL, INV).  
PURGE :# (INV) PURGE :#

**RELO file (ADD = aaaa)** Changes location where program loads into memory.  
RELO JOBF1FILE/BLD (ADD=8578)

**RENAME file TO file** Renames a file.  
RENAME MRS/BAS TO MS/BAS

**ROUTE (SOURCE = aa, DESTIN = bb)** Routes I/O devices.  
ROUTE (SOURCE=PR, DESTIN=DD)

**SETCOM (OFF, WORD = a, BAUD = bbb, STOP = c, PARITY = d, mode)** Sets up RS-232C communications or display status.  
SETCOM (WORD=7,BAUD=300,STOP=1,  
PARITY=0,WAITS) SETCOM

**TAPE (S = a, D = b)** Executes tape transfer operator.  
TAPE (S=D,D=T)

**TIME hh:mm:ss** Resets or gets the time.  
TIME 14:12:38 TIME

**WP (DRIVE = a)** Write-protects a diskette.  
WP (DRIVE:#) WP

**XFERSYS** Transfers system files.  
XFERSYS

## TRSOS Error Messages

0	No Error Found
1	CRC Error During Disk I/O
2	Disk Drive Not In System
3	Lost Data During Disk I/O
4	CRC Error During Disk I/O
5	Disk Sector Not Found
6	Disk Drive Hardware Fault
7	"Undefined Error Code"
8	Disk Drive Not Ready
9	Illegal I/O Attempt
10	Required Command Parameter Not Found
11	Illegal Command Parameter
12	Time Out On Disk Drive
13	I/O Attempt To Non System Disk
14	Write Fault On Disk I/O
15	Write Protected Disk
16	Illegal Logical File Number
17	Directory Read Error
18	Directory Write Error
19	Invalid File Name
20	GAT Read Error
21	GAT Write Error
22	HIT Read Error
23	HIT Write Error
24	File Not Found
25	File Access Denied Due To Password Protection
26	Directory Space Full
27	Disk Space Full
28	Attempt To Read Past EOF
29	Attempt to Read Outside of File Limits
30	No More Extents Available
31	Program Not Found
32	Invalid Drive Number
33	Attempt To Use Non Program File As a Program
34	Memory Fault During Program Load
35	"Undefined Error Code"
36	File Access Denied Due To Password Protection
37	I/O Attempt To Unopen File
38	Invalid Command Parameter
39	File Already In Directory
40	Attempt To Open File Already Open
41	

## Disk BASIC Functions

**CVD(str)** Converts to double-precision after GET.  
A=CVD(GRS\$PAY\$)

**CVI(str)** Converts to integer after GET.  
PRINT CVI(I\$1\$)

**CVS(str)** Converts to single-precision after GET.  
FK=CVS(ST\$)

**EOF(b)** End-of-file detector for buffer b.  
IF EOF(B) THEN CLOSE 3

**INSTR(pos, mainstr, substr)** Returns number which indicates the position of the main string where the substring begins. If substring not in main string, zero is returned. If pos is omitted, pos=1.  
PRINT INSTR(\$A, "VA") K=INSTR(\$B, Q\$)  
Y1=INSTR(B, \$B, Q)

**LOC(n)** Gets current record number.  
PRINT LOC(1)

**LOF(n)** Determines number of last (highest-numbered) record in specified file.  
Y=LOF(S)

**MKD(x)** Makes double-precision number ready for disk write (random access).  
LSET AVG\$=MKD(3000,0000)

**MKIS(n)** Makes integer number ready for disk write (random access).  
LSET AVG\$=MKI(13000) LSET Y\$=MKI(Y\$)

**MKS\$(x)** Makes single-precision number ready for disk write (random access).  
LSET AVG\$=MKS(13000,1) LSET H\$=MKS(H\$)

**USR(n)** Calls any one of up to 10 machine-language subroutines, n=0-9. If n is omitted, zero is used. See DEFUSRn.  
X=USR0(T1) F=USR7(Y)

# Disk BASIC Statements

**CLOSE** Closes all open file-buffers or specified buffer(s).  
**CLOSE** CLOSE 1+2+8 CLOSE N

**CMD 'A'** Returns to TRSDOS on error.  
**CMD "A"**

**CMD 'B'** Enable/Disable (BREAK) key.  
**CMD "B" + "DN"** **CMD "B" + "DF"**

**CMD 'C'** Deletes program remarks (R) or spaces (S).  
**CMD "C" + R** **CMD "C" + S** **CMD "C"**

**CMD 'D'** Displays directory for specified drive.  
**CMD "D:!"**

**CMD 'E'** Displays previous TRSDOS error.  
**CMD "E"**

**CMD T, command** Executes a command to TRSDOS, may overwrite BASIC.  
**CMD "I" + "HELP"**

**CMD 'J'** Changes calendar date from source to destination, mm/dd/yy can be changed to ddd/yy - yy/ddd can be changed to mm/dd/yy  
**CMD "J" + "08/12/81" + 0\$**  
**CMD "J" + "-64/201" + 0\$**

**CMD 'L', routine** Loads Z-80 routine or program file into RAM.  
**CMD "L" + JOBFILE**

**CMD 'O', x, array (start)** Alphabetizes (sorts) contents of an array. x is the number of items to be sorted; start is where the sorting process begins.  
**CMD "O" + 50 + A(1)**

**CMD 'P', status** Checks printer status. status is a string variable.  
**CMD "P" + X\$**

**CMD 'R'** Turns real-time clock display ON.  
**CMD "R"**

**CMD 'S'** Returns control to TRSDOS.  
**CMD "S"**

**CMD 'T'** Turns real-time clock display OFF.  
**CMD "T"**

**CMD 'X', target** Cross-references program lines and line numbers. target can be a reserved word, string, or string variable.  
**CMD "X" + GOTO** **CMD "X" + "PRINT"**

**CMD 'Z'** Simultaneous output to Printer and Display (dual routing).  
**CMD "Z" + "ON"** **CMD "Z" + "OFF"**

**DEFIN** Defines a user-created function.  
**DEF FN A\$(X)=STRINGS\$(X,45)**

**DEFUSRn** Defines entry point for machine-language subroutine called by USRN. If n is omitted, zero is used.  
**DEFUSR=H5500** **DEFUSR4=H7D7E**

**FIELD** Organizes a random file buffer into fields.  
**FIELD 3+16 AS NM\$,25 AS AD\$**

**GET b, record number** Gets specified or next record from a disk file (random access); stores it in buffer b.  
**GET 1** **GET 1+25**

**INPUT #b** Inputs data from buffer b (sequential access).  
**INPUT #1+A,B**

**KILL** Deletes a disk file.  
**KILL "PRG/BAS"** **KILL "FILE:1"**

**LINE INPUT** Line inputs from keyboard: **ENTER** ends input.  
**LINE INPUT A\$** **LINE INPUT "ENTER YOUR NAME?" IN\$**

**LINE INPUT #** Line inputs from disk into specified buffer; carriage return, end-of-file, 255th character ends input.  
**LINE INPUT #1+A\$**

**LOAD** Loads program file from disk. R option causes program to run, leaving open files open.  
**LOAD "PRG/BAS"** **LOAD "PRG:2",R**

**LSET** Left-justifies data into a random access field.  
**LSET CITY\$="DULUTH"**

**MERGE** Merges disk program with resident program. Disk program must be in ASCII format.  
**MERGE "PR/BAS"**

**MIDS (old, pos, len)=rep1** Replaces one portion of a string with another. If length option is omitted, same number of characters in the old string will be changed as the number of characters in the replacement string.  
**MIDS(A\$,+3+4)="USAFX"** **MIDS(A\$,+5)="01"**

**NAME newline, startline, increment** Renumbers program line numbers. newline is the new number of the first line which is to be renumbered. If omitted, 10 is used. startline is the line number where renumbering is to begin. If omitted, entire program will be renumbered. increment is the increment between successive renumbered lines. If omitted, 10 is used.  
**NAME 100,10,100** **NAME NAME + 15**

**OPEN mode, b, file, n** Opens file; assigns mode (I = input, O = output, R = random, E = Output to end-of-file); assigns buffer number b, file specifies filename; n specific number of files.  
**OPEN "R",1" CLIENTS/TXT"**

**PRINT #b** Writes data to file-buffer b (sequential access).  
**PRINT #1+RA**

**PUT b, record number** Moves data from file-buffer b into the specified record (random access). If record number is omitted, current record number is used.  
**PUT 1+25** **PUT 1** **PUT C,N**

**RSET** Right-justifies data into a random access field.  
**RSET CITY\$="SPOKANE"**

**RUN program** Loads and executes disk program. R option leaves open files open.  
**RUN "PRG/BAS"** **RUN "PRG:1",R**

**SAVE filename** Saves BASIC program on disk. A option causes file to be stored in ASCII format.  
**SAVE "FL1/BAS:3"** **SAVE "PRT/TXT",A**

# Disk BASIC Error Codes

51	Field Overflow
52	Internal Error
53	Bad File Number
54	File Not Found
55	Bad File Mode
58	Disk I/O Error
62	Disk Full
63	Input Past End
64	Bad Record Number
65	Bad File Name
67	Direct Statement in File
68	Too Many Files
69	Disk Write-Protect
70	File Access

# TRS-80® MODEL III MICRO-COMPUTER SYSTEM



# Start-Up

The entire system (Computer and peripherals) should be OFF and the disk drives empty.

1. Turn all peripherals ON.
2. Turn the Computer ON.
3. Insert a System diskette into Drive 0. Close the drive door.
4. Press the RESET button. Once the system is initialized, TRSDOS will load and take control.
5. To start Disk BASIC, type **BASIC** (**ENTER**)
6. When BASIC asks **HOW MANY FILES?** type in the number of concurrent files you need or press **ENTER** (three concurrent files).
7. Then BASIC will ask **MEMORY SIZE?** Answer by typing in a specific number or press **ENTER** to enter Disk BASIC.
8. The Disk BASIC start-up message will appear followed by the **READY** prompt. The Computer is now ready for use.

# Disk BASIC Abbreviations & Special Characters

<b>&amp;H</b>	Indicates following number is a hexadecimal constant.
<b>&amp;O</b>	Indicates following number is an octal constant.
<b>↑</b>	Lists previous line.
<b>↓</b>	Lists next line.
<b>□</b>	Lists current line.
<b>○</b>	Edit current line.
<b>SHIFT ↑</b>	Lists first line.
<b>SHIFT ↓</b>	Lists last line.
<b>Lxx</b>	List line xx.
<b>Exx</b>	Edit line xx.
<b>Dxx</b>	Delete line xx.
<b>Axxx, xxx</b>	Automatic line numbering beginning at line xxx, incrementing by xxx.